

# Design Principles

# Principle of Least Privilege

A subject should be given only those privileges that it needs in order to complete its tasks

# Principle of Fail-Safe Defaults

Unless a subject is given explicit access to an object, it should be denied access to that object

# Principle of Economy of Mechanism

Security mechanisms should be as simple as possible

# Principle of Complete Mediation

All access to objects be checked to ensure that they are allowed

# Principle of Open Design

Security of a mechanism should not depend on the secrecy of its design or implementation

# Principle of Separation of Privilege

A system should not grant permission based on a single condition

# Principle of Least Common Mechanism

Mechanisms used to access resources should not be shared



# Principle of Psychological Acceptability

Security Mechanisms should not make the resource more difficult to access than if the security mechanism were not present

# Fence Post Problem

- You are building a fence 100 feet long
- You want a fence post every 10 feet
- How many fence posts do you need?

# Rage

- Process a range of item N through M
- $N = 5$
- $M = 17$
- How many items are you processing?

# Errors?

- How would you classify these errors?

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- Off by one.

# Types of Attacks

- Format String
- Buffer Overflow
- Heap Overflow