# CS 241 Data Organization Quiz 2

February 1, 2018

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#### Question 1: Automatic variable

In the C Programming Language, an *automatic variable* is:

- A A local variable in a function which comes into existence at the time the function is called, and disappears when the function is exited.
- B A variable that is automatically initialized.
- C A global variable that is automatically available to all functions within the source file.
- D A global variable that is available to all functions within any source file that declare the variable as extern.
- E A variable that is automatically defined by the compiler such as PI, E, and HBAR.

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```
Question 2: if, else if, else
                       What is the output of this
int main(void)
                       code?
ſ
  int x = 4;
                       Axis 1
 if (x == 1)
                       B x is 2
 ł
   printf("x is 1\n"); C x is 3
  }
                       D x is 4
 else if (x == 2)
 ſ
                       E Nothing is printed.
   printf("x is 2\n");
  }
 else x = 3;
 ł
   printf("x is %d\n", x);
 }
}
```

```
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   printf("x is 2\n");
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 else x = 3;
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   printf("x is d n", x);
 }
}
```

### **Question 3: Functions**

This code will not compile because:

1

2 3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

```
int foo(float x);
void main(void)
ł
  int n=5;
}
int foo(int n)
ł
  return 2*n;
}
```

- A The version of foo in line 1 accepts a float, but returns an int.
- B The function foo in line 1 has no body.
- - D The variable n is declared in two different places.
  - E The prototype of foo does not agree with the definition.

## **Question 3: Functions**

# This code will not compile because:

1 2 3

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```
int foo(float x);
void main(void)
ł
  int n=5;
  printf("%d\n", foo(n));
}
int foo(int n)
ł
  return 2*n;
}
```

A The version of foo in line 1 accepts a float, but returns an int.

- B The function foo in line 1 has no body.
- );C The version of foo in line 1 should not end with a semicolon.
  - D The variable n is declared in two different places.
  - E The prototype of foo does not agree with the definition.