

# CS 241

# Data Organization

# Quiz 4

March 7, 2018

# Question 1

```
void main(void)
{
    int x=1, y=3;
    int *px;
    px = &x;
    printf("%d\n", *px + y);
}
```

The output is:

- A 1
- B 2
- C 3
- D 4
- E 13
- F A memory location which is a larger number than the other options.

# Question 1

```
void main(void)
{
    int x=1, y=3;
    int *px;
    px = &x;
    printf("%d\n", *px + y);
}
```

The output is:

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

E 13

F A memory  
location which is  
a larger number  
than the other  
options.

## Question 2

---

```
void main(void)
{ int a[] = {22,33,44,55,66};
  int *x = a;
  printf("sizeof(int)=\%lu ", sizeof(int));
  printf("x=\%p, x[0]=\%d\n", x, x[0]);
  x = x + 4;
  printf("x=\%p, x[0]=\%d\n", x, x[0]);
}
```

If the first printed line of this program is

sizeof(int)=4 x=0x7fff3df6d4b0, x[0]=22

what is the second line?

- A x=0x7fff3df6d4b4, x[0]=66
- B x=0x7fff3df6d4b4, x[0]=56
- C x=0x7fff3df6d4c0, x[0]=55
- D x=0x7fff3df6d4b4, x[0]=55
- E x=0x7fff3df6d4c0, x[0]=66

## Question 2

---

```
void main(void)
{ int a[] = {22,33,44,55,66};
  int *x = a;
  printf("sizeof(int)=\%lu ", sizeof(int));
  printf("x=\%p, x[0]=\%d\n", x, x[0]);
  x = x + 4;
  printf("x=\%p, x[0]=\%d\n", x, x[0]);
}
```

If the first printed line of this program is

sizeof(int)=4 x=0x7fff3df6d4b0, x[0]=22

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- A x=0x7fff3df6d4b4, x[0]=66
- B x=0x7fff3df6d4b4, x[0]=56
- C x=0x7fff3df6d4c0, x[0]=55
- D x=0x7fff3df6d4b4, x[0]=55
- E x=0x7fff3df6d4c0, x[0]=66

# Question 3

a.out 01010202

```
void main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    if (argc == 2)
    {
        int n = 0;
        char *c_pt = argv[1];
        while (*c_pt)
        {
            if ((*c_pt < '0' || *c_pt > '1')) break;
            n = n*2 + *c_pt - '0';
            c_pt++;
        }
        printf("%d\n", n);
    }
}
```

A 6  
B 01010  
C 10  
D 101  
E 5

# Question 3

a.out 01010202

```
void main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    if (argc == 2)
    {
        int n = 0;
        char *c_pt = argv[1];
        while (*c_pt)
        {
            if (*c_pt < '0' || *c_pt > '1') break;
            n = n*2 + *c_pt - '0';
            c_pt++;
        }
        printf("%d\n", n);
    }
}
```

A 6

B 01010

C 10

D 101

E 5

# Question 4

```
int main(void)
{ char a[] = "computer";
  char *x = a;
  printf("sizeof(char)=\%lu ", sizeof(char));
  printf("x=\%p, x[0]=\%ld\n", x, x[0]);
  x = x + 3;
  printf("x=\%p, x[0]=\%c\n", x, x[0]);
}
```

If the first line printed is: sizeof(char)=1

x=0x7ffd005b8d40, x[0]=c

what is the second printed line?

- A x=0x7ffd005b8d43, x[0]=p
- B x=0x7ffd005b8d43, x[0]=m
- C x=0x7ffd005b8d50, x[0]=p
- D x=0x7ffd005b8d50, x[0]=m
- E x=0x7ffd005b8d40, x[0]=u
- F x=0x7ffd005b8d40, x[0]=o

# Question 4

```
int main(void)
{ char a[] = "computer";
  char *x = a;
  printf("sizeof(char)=\%lu ", sizeof(char));
  printf("x=\%p, x[0]=\%ld\n", x, x[0]);
  x = x + 3;
  printf("x=\%p, x[0]=\%c\n", x, x[0]);
}
```

If the first line printed is: sizeof(char)=1

x=0x7ffd005b8d40, x[0]=c

what is the second printed line?

- A x=0x7ffd005b8d43, x[0]=p
- B x=0x7ffd005b8d43, x[0]=m
- C x=0x7ffd005b8d50, x[0]=p
- D x=0x7ffd005b8d50, x[0]=m
- E x=0x7ffd005b8d40, x[0]=u
- F x=0x7ffd005b8d40, x[0]=o