

## CS 422/522: Digital Image Processing Homework 3 (Fall '12)

1. The  $\int$  operator takes a function,  $f$ , as its argument and returns the anti-derivative of the function:  $f \xrightarrow{\int} \int f(t)dt$ . Prove that the  $\int$  operator is:

- (a) Linear.
- (b) Shift-invariant.

2. Prove that  $\sin(x) = \frac{e^{jx} - e^{-jx}}{2j}$ .

3. The impulse response function of a linear, shift-invariant system is:

$$h(t) = \frac{\sin(\pi t)}{\pi t}$$

and its input is:

$$x(t) = \cos(4\pi t) + \cos(\pi t/2).$$

What is its output?

4. The impulse response function of a linear, shift-invariant system is:

$$h(t) = e^{-\frac{\pi t^2}{2}}$$

and its input is:

$$x(t) = e^{j2\pi s_0 t}.$$

What is its output?

5. The sine Gabor function is the product of a sine and a Gaussian,  $f(t) = e^{-\pi t^2} \sin(2\pi s_0 t)$ . Give an expression for  $F(s)$ , the Fourier transform of  $f(t)$ .
6. The function,  $f(t)$ , is defined as:

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } |at - b| \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Give an expression for  $F(s)$ , the Fourier transform of  $f(t)$ .

7. The transfer function of a linear shift invariant system is  $H(s) = 1/s$ . The impulse response function,  $h(t)$ , is  $\mathcal{F}^{-1}\{H(s)\}$ . Give an expression for  $g(t)$  where:

$$g(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi s_0 \tau} h(t - \tau) d\tau.$$

8. Compute the Fourier transform of  $f(t) = -2\pi t e^{-\pi t^2} \cos(2\pi s_0 t)$ . Hint: What is  $\frac{d(e^{-\pi t^2})}{dt}$ ?